Are dealt unto us largely; vile repose
Usurping the blank soul: while hope and fear Alike forsake us, and the natural tear No longer from the heart, like life-blood flows.

This only do I dread : from this alone, Oh, Fate, defend me! though it be my doom To writhe, ere long, beneath a scourge of steel, Shield me from Horror's worst-the heart of stone Whate'er the ills that are as yet to come Grant me the power their keenest edge to feel.

Our Country.

The following interesting letter from Hon. HAR-MANUS BLEECKER, United States Chargé des Affaires at The Hague, and President of the St. Nicholas Society at Albany was read at the annual colebration of that Society. It is well worthy an

attentive consideration: THE HAGUE, 25th Oct. 1242. DEAR SIR: I hoped to be with you, at your next anniversary dinner, and in person to express my obligations to the Fatherland-to tell you of the kind manner in which I was received, and have been treated during my residence here; the friendly sentiments which have been uniformly manifested towards me; -hew I have been admitted into family and social circles, and the expressions of regret which my intended departure occasioned. What there might be of egotism, in this, I hoped would be allowed or excused by my relation to an association formed in what was once New, for the recollection of Old Netherland, and to which relation I am greatly indebted for the kind offices, friendly attentions and cordial hospitality, for which it is pleasing, however inadequately, to express my heartfelt gratitude; and to do this there seems to be no more fit occasion than your annual meeting.

My stay abroad, you are aware, will be protracted a few months. I have now been absent from you upwards of four years, and with much rational enjoyment, and, of course, seeing much that could not fail to interest and excite admiration, I am glad to say that I have not been disappointed in the expectation that I should return home with reinvigorated impressions of the peculiar blessedness of our own land, and a firmer confidence in the duration of our institutions, and their beneficial results to ourselves and other nations. It has been said, "that the United States have moved and quickened the civilized world; and that much of the present condition of the Old World is owing to American opinions and events, is unquestionable. Notwithstanding the reaction occasioned by some of the immediate results of the French Revolution, and the mass of deplorable abuses and evils, at home and abread, we cannot but perceive gradual favorable changes, an increasing regard for human rights and welfare; -an increasing respect for public opinion; increasing means of education; a progress of the race which we may confidently hope will not be stayed. A pleasing proof of this progress, among others is the gradual melioration of the penal codes of several countries. An American who is familiar with the legislation and jurisprudence of his own country, cannot but be gratified by the fact, that we have so long ago abolished cruel and degrading punishments-taken the lead in this humane reform. The extension of international communications, of commerce, of internal improvements, and productive power, must tend to promote civil and political freedom, to improve the physical, moral and intellectual state of the many, and to diminish the inequality of rights and conditions by which they have been degraded, and human

from infancy to manhood. In a former age, William Penn. in his charac teristic spirit of benevolence, said "that the swea and tedious labor of the husbandman, (and we may yet add the husbandwoman) early and late, cold and hot, wet and dry, should be converted into the pleasure, ease and pastime of a small number of men, that the cart, the plough, the thresh should be in inordinate severity laid upon nineteen parts of the land, to feed the appetites of the twentieth, is far from the appointment of the great Governor

progress has been obstructed; -they must cease to

be regarded as mere machines and drudges; and

then under favorable circumstances they will rise

of the world."

It is pleasing that our experience and institutions have done so much to verify this just and charitable sentiment-to prove that the inequality of conditions which tends to corrupt the high and debase the low, is not the inevitable concomitan of the social state-that a complete equality o rights tends to promote the greatest attainable approach to an equality of conditions-that we have done so much to defeat the unjust and selfish combination of the few against the many to prevent and obstruct their intellectual, moral and social progress. We may glory in the fact that we have done so much to destroy the crue prejudice by which labor is considered degrading. and by which it is assumed that the laboring classes-the greater part of civilized communities -must necessarily be ignorant and mean-to prove that all honest callings are honorable, to show that the mechanic has often more useful knowledge than the learned man, and that a laboring man may be a learned man; that intelligence improves the mechanical, agricultural and other arts, and renders them more productive. The common objection to the education of the laboring part of mankind is, that it makes them discontented with their position; but this is founded on the fact that labor is considered mean. In proportion as this false notion is diminished, will the intelligent laborer enjoy his situation, be industrious, add to his comforts and respect himself. He will have more wants, and more means to gratify his desires. In our country few can be exempt from work, and in so far as we have made it respectable, we have rendered a great service to mankind, and promoted a tendency to the social arrangements, by which we should be distinguished, founded on virtue and well used talent, "the only eternal grounds of distinction," and to which "the Almighty has affixed his everlasting patent of nobility.' what is perhaps not less we have done much to destroy the great inequality of man and woman, which has prevailed so long and so extensivelyhave assigned to her appropriate occupations, and done so much to raise her morally and intellectually to the level of man. This proud distinction of our country induced one of the many foreigners who have examined our condition and peculiarities to say, "I have no where seen woman occupy a loftier position; and if I were asked, new that I am drawing to a close of this work, in which I spoken of so many important things done by the Americans, to what the singular prosperity and

By diminishing unnecessary and unreasonable distinctions, and thus extending the sphere of fellow-feeling, we have done much for the cause of human nature. Europeans, I am aware, naturally consider us as boasters. We cannot speak truly and manfully of our peculiar circumstances, and the results of our unequalled freedom, without seeming to boast. But if we have many causes of self-gratulation, we have also those of pain and humiliation. The abuses and evils which foreigners observe and frequently speak of, inaccurately and loosely, we ought to understand in their origin and results, and endeavor, so far as possible, to remedy. Instead of being offended at just criticism, and inquiring what would be the result of such scrutinies of other countries as the United States are subjected to-how many more absurdities and abuses would be found there-compared with which, we might think ours but straws and feathers-we should candidly consider our folies, vices and dangers. There is one cause of mortification, which of late, has rendered an American's residence in Europe, frequently, painful. So many persons have suffered from placing confidence in the pecuniary engagements of American States and associations, that our consideration and influence abroad are greatly diminished, and we hear with flowers, and interspersed with arbors and

growing strength of that people ought mainly to

be attributed, I should reply—to their women.'

religious institutions than any other people and so tice, is indeed lamentable. State debts, when constitutionally and justiv

tracts, as long as the community which created them exists. The obligation endures till the debt is paid. A contrary doctrine should be indignantly scouted. It is justly thought in Europe, that American public opinion has been too faint on this subject. The conduct of other governments affords no sort of apology for our States. Moreover, the acts of governments existing independently of the our State governments cannot do injustice without the consent of the people. The pecuniary engagements of their representatives are their own; and a people who are unwilling to be taxed for the payment of their debts prove that they are unfit for self-government,-that they need a power superior to and independent of themselves to compel them to do right. Will Americans continue to justify such a reproach of republicanism? I hope that all the difficulty about this matter is but a question of time; and that the reproach which it has brought on our country and our republican institutions, will soon be wiped away. It must be borne in mind, that the censure and distrust are here extended to the whole country. It is urged, f the people of some States refuse to adopt neasures to pay their debts what assurance can there be, that other States, and the United States will not do the same?

Be good enough to assure the Society of my warm and respectful regard, and my hearty wishes for the welfare of all its members, and to offer for me the following toast:

"A sacred regard to pecuniary obligations, without which neither communities nor individuals can be respectable. Your friend, H. BLEECKER. Mr. Robert H. Pruyne, Secretary of the Albany St. Nicholas Society. * De Tocqueville.

From the Licking Valley Ky. Register. Burr and Blannerhasset. Much has been said and written on the conspir acy of Aaron Burr, and a diversity of opinion still exists, as to the extent of his designs. The elegant retirement of Blannerhasset, previous to his association with Burr, has also been a theme of eloquence, and a subject of admiration. As I ived near the centre of Burr's operations, and was intimate with the family of Blannerhasset. many facts came under my observation which perhaps are not generally known. I therefore comply with your request, by detailing circum tances which were familiar to me at that period

With reference to Burr's conspiracy, I have never doubted the fact, that his first object was a separation of the States, and the establishment of an energetic government" including our North-West and Southern territories. This intention was clearly manifested by a series of publications with the signature of "QUERIST" in the "Ohio Gazette," a paper then printed at Marietta by one Fairlamb.

Those numbers held forth all the arguments that could be urged, to induce the withdrawal of the West and South from the old States. Burr furnished the leading points, Blannerhasset wrote hem out, and attended to their publication. The first number was read to the printer by Blannerhasset at my father's house, and in the presence of several of the family. After the printer had retired, my father mode a strong appeal to Mr. B. on the felly and dawger of such an enterprise; reminding him of his narrow escape from the croubles of Ireland, of the happy form of government he then enjoyed, and of his delightful situation at the Island, surrounded by all the sources of earthly bliss. Mr. B. was disconcerted; he acknowledged his obligations for my father's friendly motives, but attributed their different views to the difference of age. My father indig nantly replied, that he had fought for the government under which he lived, that he loved it as the apple of his eye, and that treason against it could not be concerted under his roof. Mr. B. politely withdrew, took up his quarters at a public house, and never made his home with us afterward. But number after number of the "QuEaist" came before the people, holding forth the possession of the public lands, with all their mineral productions—the great agricultural prospects of the West-the vast navigable waters-the occupation of New Orleans as a commercial emporium, and various other arguments in favor of a separate government. A day was also appointed to hold a Convention at the Island.

But the plans of Burr were not confined to a eparation of the States; he knew that this project might fail, and the establishment of an Empire in the Mexican Country, was his alternative. A number of batteaux or row-gallies were prepared on the Muskingum River, and probably some at other points, with which he intended a rapid descent on New Orleans, or to ascend the Red River toward Mexico, as circumstances might require. Numbers of restless and desperate spirits were enlisted in his visionary schemes, from Pittsburgh to New Orleans, but the mass of the Western people were attached to their government, and their connexions east of the mountains. If the Convention had assembled at the Island, the inhabitants of the neighborhood were prepared to disperse them with force and arms. The Convention failed; and when a party attempted to escare with the boats, they were prevented by the Militia, under a special law of Ohio, passed for the occasion, with closed doors. But there were traitors in that Legislature-in Congress-and in the Army of the United States.

Burr met in council with a fragment of his folowers, on an Island in the Mississippi, where his scheme was abandoned. He fled in disguise but was arrested, tried at the city of Richmond, and acquitted by a quirk of the law. Blaunerhasset and other associates were discharged. His family, servants and furniture having descended the iver to Natchez, he located himself on a sotton farm in that vicinity. The Embargo and the War which followed, defeated his expectations; he became embarrassed; his fortune having been impaired by his liabilities for Burr. Under the prospect of a civil appointment in Lower Canada. he removed to Montreal, but his friend, the Governor, being removed, he was again disappointed, and retired at last to the Island of Jersey, in the British Channel, where his maiden sister resided, a lady of fortune. There he died, the victim of a

romantic and visionary mind. Blannerhasset was an Irish Nobleman, a man of science, and a polished gentleman. He excelled in the composition and performance of mu sic, his instruments were the violin and bass-viol, both of which he used in the manner of the bass. His spacious Hall was constructed in musical proportions, where the tones of his viol vibrated with thrilling effect. His library was elegant and extensive, his laboratory was provided with abundant apparatus for chemical and philosophical experiments, and his house and grounds were furnished with various means of winter and summer amusements. The mansion with its corridor and wings formed half an ellipsis, and the finish and furniture of its apartments were adapted to the use for which they were intended. The hall was a spacious lofty room, its walls painted a sombre color, and its furniture rich, heavy and grand. The drawing-room was in perfect contrast, and its decorations light as a Fairy's wing. In short, the whole establishment was noble and genteel, without the glare of tinsel finery, or the inconsistency of bad taste. His style of living was in unison with his house and furniture, always elegant, easy and comfortable. The arrangement of the grounds was equally complete, the famous shrubbery was a mimic wilderness, with labyrinth walks bordered

reproaches to which it is difficult to reply. Causes peculiarly to us have produced an indifference to flocks and herds, was separated from the lawn by pecuniary obligation, which I hope will not ripen an invisible fence; and the view up the Ohio was so as to characterise the country. It has long unobstructed for several miles. But the whole been observed, and its effects have long been fear- scene requires the pen of a poet. The descriped. That a people in other respects, favorably tion of Wirt is nearer the reality than is genedistinguished for their morality, doing far mere for rally believed, and his sketch of Mrs. Blannerhasset is equally true to nature. She was a beautiful attentive to religious observances, should be so and accomplished lady, of dignified appearance liable to reproach on the score of pecuniary jus- and manners; affable, friendly, and without the least affectation, yet with all her elegance, she was a notable house-wife, and devoted to her neecreated, should be held absolutely inviolable con- dle; not in the production of flowers and flounces, but of garments for her children and servants. The miserable slanders which have been eported of her, are without the least foundation. Burr did not seduce Blannerhasset, through the medium of his wife, as has often been stated; his only visit to the Island did not exceed three days, and no woman of Mrs. B.'s mind and character, could be corrupted on so brief an acquaintance .popular will, are no reproach of the people; but Blannerhasset was an open and unguarded man, easily imposed upon, and enthusiastic in all his impulses. Burr approached him in the most artful and insidious manner. Descending the river in a batteaux, he landed as a passing stranger merely to see and admire the far-famed Island .-Mr. Blannerhasset hearing that a stranger was on his lawn, sent a servant to invite him to the house; the wily serpent sent his card with an apology, but Mr. B. with his usual hospitality, walked out and insisted on his remaining a day or two. Burr very modestly acquiesced, and during that unfortunate interview, infused the poison of ambition into the unwary mind of his visionary host. Mrs. B. endeavored to dissuade her husband from the enterprise, but finding his soul enlisted in it, her sense- of duty compelled her to acquiesce in his views, which resulted in the ruin of his family.

"Years have gone by, and the tale at last, Is told as a sorrowful scene long past."

The steamboat passenger looks on the deserted Island for some vestige of its former embellishment; but he looks in vair. The mansion was destroyed by fire, its beautiful appendages are obliterated, its hospitality, the soul of music, and the refinement of taste and intellect, have all departed. On my last visit to the scene of many happy hours, the only memento of my early associations I could find, was "R. W. 1805," carved on the bark of an old Beech tree.

" I felt like one who treads alone, Some banquet ball deserted; Whose lights are fled, whose garland's dead, And all but he departed."

PEAL ESTATE EXCHANGE,
160 Nassan-st., (opposite the City Hall.) where those
who have HOUSES or LOTS FOR SALE or TO LET, may have them registered for the accommodation of thos who may wish to purchase or bire. Maps and Plans wi be exhibited and explained, with the price of the same without charge until sold or let according to directions— which may facilitate negotictions by enabling those in search of property readily to find the best adapted at the lowest

The sale of new and improved lands, in Onio and the adjacent country, will be attended to, Titles examined, Taxes paid and all matters relating thereto, by a professional gendeman in an established agency in CINCINNATI, the best located for cash sales to Emigrants in the Western country.

A number of valuable Houses and Lots in various parts

N. B. All communications by mail must be post paid.

ISAAC M, WOOLLEY,
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THE BOSTON MISCELLANY and Lady's Monthly Magazine.—This splendid Monthly periodical for January is now published, and presents a favorable opportunity for those wishing to become subscribers to the New Volume, which begins with the new year.

Contents: Contents:
Thoughts on the Poets; the Two Portraits; the Love Test;
the Pharisee and the Barber; the Young Tutors; on Prefaces and Dedications; a Farewell to Fancy: the Cross of
the Legion of Honor; We are Spirits; the Village Poet;
Rural Blisses: a Walk to Wachusett; the Nightingale;—
Tales of the Knights of Seven Lands; Alone once more;
Editors' Tables, Ligrary Notices Editor's Table: Literary Notices.

Music—New Years Song.
Embelishments—"The Cross of the Legion of Honor," a
peantiful engraving on steel by E. G. Dunnell.

"The Young Tutors," mezzotint engraving.
Fashions for January, 1848—colored.
Original Music, by George James Webb. Published by
BRADBURY, SODEN & CO.
d19 6t No. 127 Nassau street and 10 School st. Boston

DROF. ORR'S AIRTIGHT STOVE The undersigned are the only agents for vending and selling the above article in the City of New-York. Of their utility and superior excellence certificates from persons of the first respectability may be seen at the store. We guarantee against any explosions if put up according to our directions. We have also an improved Airtight Stove.

I. HILL, S. R. FRAZIER, 250 Water street. DERKINS' CARDS, Enamelled and Pearl Surface.—Printers, Engravers, Booksellers and others who buy Cards, will find no cards in the country equal to these for quality and cheapness. Great improvements have been made in these Cards within a short time, and the Enamaled Cards are now werranted superior for Copperplate Printing, Style Writing and Letter Press Printing, and are a beautiful article for Address and Visiting Cards, being of a clear white complexion, and a smooth glassy surface. The Pearl Surface Card, for a business card or for usual purposes, are the best in use; they are not surpassed by any other in point of quality, and are warranted to print well in every respect, to bear a strong body of ink from large type, and all to work equally well. They are sold at prices cheaper than other cards of inferior quality. Scales of sizes and prices given to any who wish thern, and the cards for sale, wholesale and retail, by the manufacturer's agent. JOHN ALLEN, manufacturer's agent. 139 Nassau-street.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE.—Cheap Oyster Establishment, for supplying families. Oy byster Beatmanner, in any quantity, to any part of the city. Also Pickled Oysters of the first quality. All orders thankfully received and promply attended to, at 330 Bowery, corner of Bond-st. GEO. HOWELL.

DOYS' WOR-TED COATS .-- On

hand and for sale low, Boys' Worsted Coats and Cloaks.

Boys' Worsted Coats and Cloaks.

Girls' do do with hooks.

Children's do Gaiters.

"Woolen Gloves and Hosiery.

"Worsted Nett Caps.

Worsted Comforters.

Jet and Gilt Buttons for Ladies' Dresses, &c. &c.

By A. & W. MORRISON, 569 Broadway.

d19 1w* cor. Prince st. opposite Nibo's.

SULAR LAMP.—Couthouy & Nevers, 341 Broadway, have just received a large addition to heir stock of this celebrated. Lamp, which is rapidly su-perseding every other description of Lamp, by reason of its uperior light and economy

CAUTION .- The public are cautioned to be on their guard against a spurious and worthless article, purporting to be the Solar Lamp, lately thrown into the market at aucion, to bring discredit, it is presumed, on the genuine arti-

R. HAYNES'S Utero Abdominal Supporters for Prolapsus Uteri, Weakness of Bowels. &c.
This valuable instrument, highly recommended by the first
physicians of Boston, is now offered in this city at a price ithin the reach of all. Females suffering from the above distressing complaints, should not be a day without an at ticle which affords such immediate and effective relief.-Price \$3 50 to \$4. For sale at 139 Nassau-st. by n25 2awtj25* DR. U. TURNER, Gen. Agent.

S. REDFIELD, Bookseller and Stao tioner, Clinton Hall, corner of Nassan and Beekman streets, has constantly for sale an assortment of Theological, Ciassical and Miscellaneous, and Schoolbooks and Station-ery at the lowest cash prices.

TIRGINIA COAL of a very superior quality now discharging, and for sale in lots to suit users, by WARD & BROWNE. 411 Washington-st. cor. of Laight. TEW-YORK CARD PRESS .- Anar-

ticle at a low price-simple in movement and capa ble of executing as neat work as any other press. For sale at 81 John street.

SPERM OIL.—1,000 gallons Winter Sperm Oil; 1,000 do. bleached do. do. Also a good assortment of Sperm Candles, for sale by

n29 u

F. F. EDDY, 24 Old Slip. TINION DOOR SPRINGS-An article very much approved, and that has given satisfaction wherever it has been used. For sale at 81 John street.

BRAZIL SUGARS.—500 barrels for GRINNELL, MINTURN & CO., 78 South-st.

AVANA SUGAR—500 boxes brown for sale by GRINNELL, MINTURN & CO., 78 South-st. OLIVE OIL.—40 pipes, for sale by GRINNELL, MINTURN & CO.,

SHEATHING COPPER,—100 cases English, from 14 to 32 oz. for sale by GRINNELL, MINTURN & CO., 78 South-st.

RIO COFFEE.—2000 bags for sale by THEAPEST, best and most fashionable

in New-York. Hats, Caps, Muss, fancy Furs, Fur Trimming, old Furs attended to, at "30 1m" MONARQUES, 224 Bowery. SYDNEY COAL.—A small lot of very Superior fresh mined coarse Sydney Coal, suitable for parior use, for sale low by WARD & BROWNE, n25

44 Washington, corner of Laight-street. SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA.

OR THE REMOVAL AND PERMANENT CURE OF ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM AN IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD, OR HABIT OF THE SYSTEM, NAMELY: CROFULA, OR KING'S EVIL, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE CUTANEOUS ERUPTIONS, PIMPLES, OR PUSTULES ON THE FACE,
BLOTCHES, BILES, CHRONIC SORE EVES, RING WORM
OR TETTER, SCALD HEAD, ENLARGEMENT OF THE
BONES AND JOINTS, STURBORN ULCERS, SYPH-ILITIC SYMPTOMS, SCIATICA OR LUMBA-GO, and diseases arising from an inju-dicious use of Mercury, Ascitics, or Dropsy, exposure or imprudence in life. Also, Chronic Consti-

tional Disorders will be re-

wond by this preparation.

WONDERFUI EFFECTS OF SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA IN NORWICH
Read the tollowing from Mrs Wm. Phillips, who has
long resided at the Falls. The facts are well known to all

long residents in that part of the city.

Messas. A. B. Sands & Co., Sras: Most gratefully do I embrace this opportunity for stating to you the great relief I obtained from the use of your Sarsaparilla. I shall also be happy, through you, to publish to all who are afflicted, be happy, through you, to publish to it is a painful stery, for a long while despaired of cure. Mine is a painful stery, for a long while despaired of cure. Mine is a painful stery, trying and sickening as is the narrative of it, for the of many who may be so surely relieved, I will briefly

yet accurately state it.

Nineteen years ago last April a fit of sickness left me with an Erysipeias eruption. Dropsical collections immediately took place over the entire surface of my body, causing such as enlargement that it was the control of an enlargement that it was nece sary to add a half yard to the size of my dresses around the waist. Next followed, upon my limbs, ulcers, painful beyond description. For years, both in summer and winter, the only mitigation of years, both in summer and winter, the only mitigation of my suffering was (ourd in pouring upon those parts cold water. From my limbs the pain extended over my whole body. There was literally for me no rest, by day or by night. Upon lying down these pains would shoot through my system, and compel me arise, and, for hours together, walk the house, so that I was almost estirely deprived of sleep. During this time the Erysipelas continued active, and the ulcers enlarged, and so deeply have these eaten, that for two and a half years they have been subject to bleeding. During these almost twenty years I have consulted many physicians. These have called my disease—as it was attended with an obstinate cough, and a steady and active pain in my side—a dropsical consumption; and and active pain in tay side—a dropsical consumption; and though they have been skilful practitioners, they were only able to afford my case a partial and temporary relief. I had ramy other difficulties too complicated to describe. I have also used many of the mediciness that have been I have also used many of the mediciness that have been recommended as intallible cures for this disease, yet these all failed, and I was most emphatically growing worse. In this critical condition, given up by friends, and expecting for myself, relief only in death, I was by the timely interposition of a kind Providence, furnished with your, to me, invaluable Sarsaparilla. A single bottle gave me an assurance of health, which for twenty years I had not once left. Used taking the second, my eplagement diminished. Upon taking the second, my enlargement diminished, and in twelve days from the 5th October, when I comand in tractic days from the 5th October, when I com-menced taking your Sarsaparilla, I was able to enjoy sleep andrest, by night, as refreshing as any lever en-joyed when in perfect health. Besides, I was, in this short time, relieved from all those excrutiating and unalleviated pains that had afflicted my days, as well as robbed me of my night's repose. The ulcers upon my limbs are healed, the Erysipelas cured, and my size reduced nearly to my

former measure.

Thus much do I feel it a privilege to testify to the efficacy of your health-restoring Sarsaparilla. A thousand thanks, sirs, from one whose comfort and whose hope of inture health are due, under God, to your instrumentality. And may the same Providence that directed me to your

And may the same Providence that directed me to your aid, make you the happy and honored instruments of blessing others, as diseased and despairing as your much relieved and very grateful friend.

ASENATH M. PHILLIPS.

New London, Co. ss, Norwich, Nov. 4, 1842.

Personally appeared, the above-named Asenath M. Phillips, and made oath to the facts contained in the foregoing statement before me.

RUFUS W. MATHEWSON,

Justice of the Peace. Justice of the Peace.

Being personally acquainted with Mrs. Phillips, I certify that the above asserted facts are substantially true.

WM. H. RICHABDS,

Minister of the Gospel at Norwich, Conn.

Another proof of the superior value and efficiency of

this preparation. New-York, Oct. 19, 1842. Messrs. Sands-Gentlemen: If you alone were con-cerned in the present statement, the great inducement for making it would be removed; for of course no testimony cerned in the present statement, the great making it would be removed; for of course no testimony can strengthen your own convictions in relation to the value and efficiency of your Sarsaparilla, which has already proved such a birssing to the many hundreds who have used it. But I have looked upon the world encircling in its arms thousands bowed down with sufferings similar to my own, who would gladly hasten to the same source that restored my health, if they were persuaded they would meet with the same happy results. Therefore, gentlemen, it is that those thousands may be convinced, and profit by their conviction as I have done, that induces me to state before the world a period of suffering such as few have known, and the permanent relief I received from your Sarsaparilla. But how shall I begin, or how describe those excruciating agonies that seized upon my frame? Early in the month of June, 1840, I was first attacked with rhematism, caused, I have reason to believe, by a severe cold contracted while nursing one of my children, who was then very ill.

contracted while nursing one of my children, who was then very ill.

My suffering soon became intense, everywhere I seemed diseased. For five months I was unable to walk, and for six weeks did not lie upon a bed, but was obliged to remain in a sitting posture, that being less agonizing than any other. My whole body was so sore and racked with pain that the slightest touch caused inexpressible distress. For a period of many months I did not sleep but two nights, and the only rest I obtained was during the day, when nature became exhausted and I fell into a slumber, from which I was soon awakened by the beating and throbbing poin. My limbs were swollen and my shoulders drawn out of place, and altogether I was rendered entirely helpless. I obtained the best medical advice, but without receiving any permanent relief. The rheumatism being combined with a swelling and painful affection of the joints, rendered It still werse. ing and painful affection of the joints, rendered Itstill Tumors formed under the skin, round my head, sused burning and lanciating pains similar to scrofula of

My groans at night caused the watchman to step in the My groans at night caused the watchman to stop in the street as he passed by; and when many of my friends residing in Poughkeepsie last visited me, they bid me farewell, as they then thought for ever; and once the family assembled in the room to watch the last spark of live go out. But the flame of life again glared up within me; and soon after this I heard of your Sarsaparilla, and determined to try it; and behold the result. After taking one bottle the pain left me, and I was able to walk and sleep. I could scarcely realize the transition—so sudden, so complete. After using four or five bottles, I was entirely cured. And are you alone, gentlemen, concerned to know it! I think not; and this language is too mild for the occasion. For I are you alone, gentlemen, concerned to know it? I think not; and this language is too mild for the occasion. For I know that the medicine that possesses the power to cure me is capable of conferring the same blessing upon thousands of others suffering—perhaps dying; therefore, these are all concerned to know that they can be cured. In fact, all are concerned in the discovery of any thing that tends to promote the happiness of the human race; for we are social beings, and cannot suffer aione. Persons may doubt this statement if they will, and go on and suffer and die. I have discharged a dury which I felt incomplete man me in may discharged a duty which I felt meumbest upon me in mak-ing it known for the benefit of those who choose to believe it. And when I look into the past—upon those solitary days and sleepless nights—I thank God that I as as I am. And I thank you, gentlemen, that you have made science minister anto our infirmities, and I, for one, will proclaim the fact.

Respectfully. Respectfully,
ANN BROWN, 479 Houston street.

Prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, and for expor-ation, by A. B. SANDS & CO., Droggiss and Chemists tation, by A. B. SANDS & CO., Druggess and Chambers-Granite Buildings, No. 273 Broadway, corner of Chambers-street, New-York. Sold also by A. B. & D. Sands, Drug-gists, Nos. 79 and 100 Fulton-street; David Sands & Co., No. 77 East Broadway, corner of Market-street, Price \$1-6 nil tf

RESS BOOTS-Latest French style. The subscriber respectfully invites the citizens of New-York, and strangers visiting the city, to call at 114 Fulton-street, and examine a large assortment of Dress Boots, made in the latest Spring fashion, and of the finest French Calf-Skin.

Gall-Skin.

Gentlemen can have Bectsmade to order in the best manner at six dallars per pair, warranted equal to any made at seven dollars and a half, and as the undersigned takes drawing of the feet and keeps lasts for each customer, he can introduce a contract materials.

sure an easy yet handsome fit.
Constantly on hand, Fashionble Boots, &c., at the follow ing reduced prices: Seal-Skin Boots......from \$2 50 to \$2 75

By Special Appointment TOSEPH GILLOTT, Pen Manufacturer TO THE QUEEN.—CAUTION.—The high character of these Pens has induced the attempt, on the part of several disreputable makers, to practice a fraud not only upon Mr. Gillett, but also upon the public. An inferior article, bearing the misspelled name, thus, Gillot, omitting the fical L is now in the market. It can readily be detected by its unfinished appearance, and the very common style is which it is not in. it is put up. Observe, the genuine Peas are are all marked in full-

"Joseph Gillott's Patent," or "Joseph Gillott, warranted;" and that cach gross bears a fac simile of his signature.

The above may be had, wholesale, of HENRY JESSOP 1915 by

91 John-street, corner of Gold.

AYDEN'S Premium Pens.—A Silver Medal was awarded J. Hayden for his "very superior Pens" by the American Institute at its last Fair. The Government have given them the Preference, and the best accountants and many of the public institutions will use no other Pens. They have justly obtained the highest reputation, and are not surpassed if equaled by any in the country.

The trade are supplied at the Manufacturer's prices by the agents

J. & P. HAYDEN, 5 Platt-street. Agents also for Silliman's School and Counting-bouse Ink

\$5.00—COAL! COAL!!—The real Peach Orchard Red Ash, now selling from the yard 504 Washington-street, two doors above Spring, broken from clean lump, doubly screened, and delivered free of cartage, and weighed by a City Weigher, at the following prices: Large Nut.... \$5 00 Broken or Egg. 5 25
Broken or Egg. 5 50
Liverpool Screened 8 00
N. B.—All orders to be left at the Yard. No agents—no commission. The buyer receives the benefit.

LT Lehigh Nut, \$5 50.

Egg and Broken \$5.50 Stove, large 5.25

TIN PLATES,-200 boxes assorted, for sale by

All goods shipped are required to be particularly marked,
and are at the risk of the owners thereof.

FASHIONABLE STOCKS, SCARFS CRAVATS. GLOVES, &c.—Old Establishment— PARSELLS & AGATE, established in 1223.—In addition to their extensive assortment of Fashianable Goods, the subto their extensive assortment of Fashianable Goods, the subscribers are receiving by every arrival from London and Paris, a fresh supply of fashionable Scarfs and Cravats.—
Their assortment of fashionable Scarfs and Cravate, ready made Linen, (for which the first premium was awarded them at the late fair of the American Institute) Gloves, Suspenders, Hosiery, Silk, Merino, lambswool and buckskin Shirts and Drawers, and all articles appertaining to a gentleman's wardroble are rich and varied. Gentlemen calling at the old establishment may depend on being farnished with the best and latest fashions at fair and moderate prices.

PARSELLS & AGATE, 241 Broadway, between Park place and Murray street.

P. & A. continue the manufacture of their celebrated Shoulder Braces and gentlemens Russia, Riding Belts.

WORMS IN CHILDREN.—Of all of fatal to them as Worms. Unfortunately, children are sel-dom free from them, and, as they imitate the symptoms of dom free from them, and, as they imitate the symptoms of almost every other complaint, they often produce alarming effects without being suspected. Worms are not only a cause of disease themselves, but by their irritation aggravate all other diseases, wandering from one part of the body to the other, winding themselves up into large balls and obstructing the bowels, and frequently the throat, causing convulsions, and too often death. The desired remedy will be found in Dr. JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE, which will very soon destroy the Worms, and invigorate the powers of digestion so as to prevent a return of them.

Prepared only at No. 20 South Third-street, Philadelphia,

Prepared only at No. 20 South Third-treet, Philadelphia, Prepared only at No. 20 South I sired-treet, runaceipnia, and sold at wholesale and rotail by A. B. Sands & Co., Druggists and Chemists, No. 278 Broadway, corner of Chambers-street, New-York. Also sold by A. B. & D. Sands, Druggists, Nos. 79 and 100 Fulton-street; David Sands & Co., 77 East Broadway. Price \$1 per bottle. d7 lm EVERY BODY praises JAYNE'S HAIR TONIC, and fer the best reason in the world, because it is the only hope that the bald-headed can have of once more regaining the fine, flowing locks of hair with which nature adorned their heads in youth, which it does to the admiration of all who use it, as directed. Tryjit, all of you who need more or handsomer hair. It is the very thing for you.

thing for you.

Prepared only at No. 20 South Third-street, Philadelphia, and sold, wholesale and retail, and for exportation by A. B. SANDS & CO. Druggists and Chemists, Grante Buildings, 273 Broadway, corner of Chambers-st. Sold also by A. B. & D. SANDS, 79 and 160 Fulton st.; D. Sands & Co. No. 77 East Broadway, corner of Market-street. Price, \$1 per bottle; six bottles for \$5.

OROTON WATER-Messrs. Whitsey & Jenkins, Plumbers, No. 3 John-street, would most respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to recute all orders in their line of business in a durable an workmanlike manner. Their work is warranted to give entire satisfaction, and their pipes are so laid as not to freeze in water. The public are respectfully invited to call and examine their materials. The Croton Water introduced without taking up the side-walks.

The following Certificate, with others, can be seen at

Mr. Francis J. Whitsey having been employed at the Girard College, in the capacity of Plumber, it affords me pleasure to say that from the opportunity I there had to judge of his merits in the line of his business, I donsider him

worthy the confidence of the public.
THOS U. WALTER, Architect Girard College. Philadelphia, Feb. 8, 1342

TO ENGINEERS, Manufacturers and others.—Welded wrought Iron Tubes, for Steam, Water, Gas, &c. from 1 to 3 inches diameter and in lengths from 4 inches to 12 feet, capable of sustaining an internal pressure of from 1,000 to 10,000 lbs per square pressure of from 1,000 to 10,000 hs per square incidence with fittings of every description, such as E bows, T's, Reducing Sockets, Cocks, &c., to which the Tubes are joined by Screws, and by means of which they may be put together with the greatest facility by any ordinary workman. The great strength and durability of these tubes as compared with Copper or other material and their economy render them superior to all others for any of the purposes above mentioned. For sale by ibove mentioned. For sale by jy23 tf WALWORTH & NASON, 36 Ann-st.

TO THE LOVERS of superior Black Tea!—Howqua's Mixture!—This extremely delicious and unparalleled Tea, so highly celebrated in China and Europe, just imported, is now for sale at the Canton Tea Company's General Tea Establishment, 121 Chatham-street, New-York, in Chinese packages price 50 cts and \$1 each, my21 tf

ORISON'S Hygeian Medicines.—
Whereas, A. A. Samanos, of 94 Broadway, New-York, is making an improper use of Messrs. Merison & Go.'s appointment for the sale of their Medicines. This is, therefore, to inform the public that Mr. Samanos is not authorized to sell 'MORISON'S PILLS' in New-York, and that Messrs. Morrisons' only Agents in New-York are Messrs. FIRTH & HALL, of No. 1 Franklin square, from whom alone the Medicines can be had gennine. (Signed) MORISON & CO.
Dated British College of Health, New Road, Landon, June 16th, 1842. iy9 tf June 16th. 1842

TULL'S TRUSSES .- Notice to Ruptured Persons, —Persons afflicted with ruptures may rely upon the best instrumental aid the world affords, on application at the office, No. 4 Vesey-street, or to either of the agents in the principal towns in the United States. Be careful to examine the back pad of Hull's trusses, to see if they are endorsed by Dr. Hull in writing. None are genuine, or to be relied upon as good, without his signature.

Many persons have undertaken to vend imitations of Hull's celebrated trusses, and thousands are imposed upon in consequence. These imitations cannot be relied upon; they are made by unskilful mechanics, and are no better than the ordinary trusses. the ordinary trusses.

Rooms have been fitted up at No. 4 Vesey-street, exclu-

swell-swell-swerse.
which sively for ladies, having a separate entrance from the business department, where a female is in constant attendance which to wait upon female patients. \$21 H

OLLED GERMAN SILVER .--- JAS. G. MOFFETT, 121 Prince-street, near Wooster, would particularly call the attention of Hardware Dealers and Manufacturers to his superior article of German Silver, which he offers for sale wholesale and retail, of all thicksesses, and warrents it equal to any, either Foreign or Do mettic, for or for and sattness.

COAL.—First quality Peach Orchard Coal, broken egg, stove and nut sizes; Liverpool, Orrel and Schuylkill, White Ash Coals for stoves and fur-ALFRED ASHFIEED, 415 Grand er. of Ridge-st.

and South st. cr. of Montgomery.

Ordersleft as above or at 193 William-st. or through the Post Office promptly attended to.

S AND'S REMEDY for SALT RHEUM, Ringworm and Tetters, Scald Head, Barbers' or Jackson Itch, and other diseases of the skin. They are effects ally cured by the use of Sand's remedy for Salt Rheum which has now been tested in rising 15,000 cases, without in one instance having failed to cure any disease of this class. The unparalleled success of this valuable remedy in curing diseases of the skin, is without equal in the history of medime. No change in diet is necessary, and there is no danger in

applying it even to the tenderest infant. Testimonials of its efficacy are almost daily received, and can be exhibited at the serie of the proprietors. The following certificate was handed to our agents in Troy, (Messrs, Fassett and Selden,) by one of the most re-Proy, (Messas, Passet)
pectable residents in that city.
Trov, March 10, 1833.

Messrs, A. B. & D. Sands.—Gentlemen: This may certify that my eldest son has been afflicted with the Salt Rheum. or some other loathsome disorder upon his leg, for 15 or 16 years, and I have tried scores of different kinds of medi-cines and all to no purpose until I found your remedy for such diseases, and on using it 10 days, (or less than one box of ointment and bottle of the Sarsaparilla,) has effected a of ontment and bottle of the Sarsaparina.) has elected a perfect cure. I have delayed giving you this certificate for two months since the cure was effected, for fear that it would again appear, but as his legs are perfectly smooth, I have the utmost confidence in saying that I think it a very valuable medicine, and sincerely hope that thousands may yet receive as much benefit as in the case above mentioned.

Yours, very respectfully. Yours, very respectfully, A. GRANGER, 93 Sixth street.

A. GRANGER, 35 SIXIB Steel.

Prepared and sold at wholesale and retail by A. B. & D.

SANDS. Druggists, No. 79 Fulton st. corner of Gold and
100 Fulton st. Also sold by David Sands & Co. No. 77

East Broadway, corner of Market st.; A. B. Sands & Co. No. 273 Broadway, corner of Chamber st. Price \$,100.

LIGHLY IMPORTANT.—Deafness

Cured.—Scarpa's Acoustic Oil.—For the cure of
Deafness, pains, and the discharge of matter from the Ears;
also, all those disagreeable noises, like the buzzing of insects, falling of water, whizzing of steam, &c., which are symptoms of approaching Deafness, and also generally at-tended with disease.

nded with disease.
The subjoined certificate will be read with interest:
"PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 1, 1841.
Messrs. Editors—Deafness is a disease which has hitherto en considered incurable, but I can inform the public that is a mistaken idea. I have been deaf for ten years, and included that I must remain so; but not many months since I saw in your paper an advertisement of Scarpa's Oil for Dealness. As the last resort I concluded to try it. I am new happy to say I can hear as well as I ever did. Two of my friends likewise tried it. One of them was so deaf that he used an ear trumpet; now he hears perfectly well without it. The other was very much troubled with aoises in the ears and head, and he at once found relief, and is well. Two bottles cured me, which I thought getting well pretty cheap. Silas Bugger, Second st. below Pine."
Sold, at wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. Sands, Druggists, No. 79 Fulton-street, corner of Gold, and 100 Fultonstreet. Also, sold by David Sands & Co., No. 77 East Broadway; A. B. Sands & Co., No. 273 Broadway, corner of Chambers-street. Price, \$2. Also sold by Dr. David of Chambers-street. Price, \$2. Also sold by Dr. David Jayne, No. 20 South Third-street, Philadelphia. dl3 Im

AGENT'S OFFICE, STATE PRISON, } Auburn, Oct. 10, 1842. OTICE is hereby given, that sealed er until Tuesday the 20th day of December next at 10 o'clock A. M. for the services of Ten Convicts, with the privilege of increasing the same, as the Agent may be able to furnish to any number not exceeding Three Hundred, for the term of Five years from the first day of January next, to ployed in the manufacture of Files and such articles of Cut-lery of which the United States is principally supplied by

Sufficient shop-room, suitably warmed and lighted, will be furnished by the State. N. B.—All orders to be left at the Yard. No agents—no commission. The buyer receives the benefit.

IT Lehigh Nut, \$5.50.

P. B. GUERNSEY.

P. B. GUERNSEY.

COAL—From the surely perday, officed for the services of each Convict—and to furnish the name of the person or persons offered as surely in the Contract, with their written assent thereto; and the respective persons making proposals are required to name the amount, per day, officed for the services of each Convict—and to furnish the name of the person or persons offered as surely in the Contract, with their written assent thereto; and the respective persons making proposals are required to name the amount, per day, officed for the services of each Convict—and to furnish the name of the person or persons offered as surely in the Contract, with their written assent thereto; and the respective persons making proposals are required to name the amount, per day, officed for the services of each Convict—and to furnish the name of the person or persons offered as surely in the Contract, with their written assent thereto; and the respective persons making proposals are required to name the amount, per day, officed for the services of each Convict—and to furnish the name of the person or persons offered as surely in the Contract, with their written assent thereto; and the respective persons making proposals are required to name the amount, per day, officed for the services of each Convict—and to furnish the name of the person or persons offered as surely in the Contract, with their written assent thereto; and the respective persons making proposals are required to name the amount, per day, officed for the services of each Convict—and to furnish the name of the person or persons offered as surely in the Contract, with their written assent thereto; and the respective persons making proposals are required to the person of the person

foreign importation.

Foot of Whitehall-street.—Tag steamers STATEN ISLANDER and SAMSON will run as blows: Leaves New-York at 9, 11, A. M. and 14,34,54, P. M. Leaves Staten Island at 8, 10, A. M., and 123, 21 and 5,

MAIL LINE for ALBANY and intermediate places, OR AS FAR AS THE U.E. WILL PERMIT. The Utica is celebrated for her strength, which enables her to encounter with great success the ice which so seriously obstructs the river after

The steamboat UTICA leaves the foot of Courtland-street This (Tuesday) Afternoon, Dec. 18, at 5 o'clock.

Passengers taking the Utica can take the Cars at Hostor
or the Stages at Corsockie and arrive in Albany early the
same morning. N. B.—Good sleighing from Corsockie to

For passage or freight, apply to P. C. Schultz at the office on the wharf, or on board. MORNING BOAT .- For PEEKSKILL, VERPLANCK, GRAS.
SY-POINT SING-SING, TARRYTOWN, DORB'S FER.
RY, HASTINGS AND YONKERS.—Breakfast and Disner on Board.—The new and splendid steamer COLUM-BUS, Capt. F. W. Stone, will leave New York, from the toot of Chambers-street, every morning, (Fridnys excepted) at 7½ o'clock; and returning leave Peekskill same day, at 1½ o'clock, P. M. Landing at the foot of Hammond

Notice.—All goods, freight, baggage, bank bills, specie, or any other kind of property, taken, shipped, or put on board this Boat, must be at the risk of the owners of such goods, freight, baggage, &c.

T. POWELL & CO.'s Line For NEWBURGH, landing at CALD.
WELL'S, WEST POINT, and COLD SPRING.—The steamboat Highlander, Capt. Robert Wardrop, will leave foot of Warren-st, every Monday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 4 P. M. Returning, will leave Newburch every Monday at 7 A. M., and Tuesday and Friday at 5 P. M.

Ber feither masses annie to the Cantain on board.

For freight or passage apply to the Captain on board.

Baggage and freight of all descriptions, Bank bills or specie, board, must be at the risk of the owners thereof, unless a bill of lading er receipts be signed for the same.

[22] ing at Galdwell's, West Point and Cold Spring.—The steamboat JAMES MADISON, Capt. Charles Halstead, will leave Warren-street Pier, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, at 40 clock.

All Baggage, Fackages or Parcels, Bank Bills or Specie put on board of this boat without being entered on the book

the boat or receipted for, will be at the risk of the ow ers thereof. BUFFALO and Green Bay.

The steam COLUMBUS will ply be tween Buffalo and Green Bay during the season, as below Leaves Buffale, Leaves Green Bay, July 4 August 1 August 8 22 Sept. 5 19 October 8 17 31

26 24 touching at intermediate ports.

For freight and passage, apply to the master on board, or

A. R. COBB & CO. | Rugalo N. V. P. L. PARSONS & CO. Buffalo, N. Y.

NEW-YORK TO EASTON,
PA.,—PEOPLE'S LINE.—Fare \$1 only,—
Leave pier No. 1, North riaer at 8½ o'clock A.
M. daily, (Sundays excepted.) by steamboat to Elizabeth
Port; or leave the foot of Courtlandt street at 9 o'clock A.M.,
by N. Jersey Railroad to Elizabethtown, there connect with
the testing of case for Somewiller, conches thence (only in the train of cars for Somerville; coaches thence (only 34 miles,) arriving at Easton at 6 o'clock, P. Mr. For seats apply to A. D. Hope, Merchants Hotel, 41 Cortlandt st.
N. B. This route, on account of the short distance by paches commends itself to the public.

Office removed from 73 to 41 Cortlandt street. FOR HUDSON, CATS-KILL and COXSACK, or as far as the fee will permit. Stages will be in readiness. The steam-boat SUPERIOR, Capt. J. Gould, will leave the Fier foot of Chambers street, this (Monday) afternoon, at 5 o'clock. For passage or freight, apply on board or to J. B. Nichol-son, 185 West-street.

son, 185 West street.

N. B.—All persons are forbid trust ng any one on account of the above boat, captain or owners. IN CHANCERY .- Before the Vice Chancellor.—The Manhattan Fire Insurance Company vs Richard Parker and wife, et. el —In pursuance of a decretal order of this Court, made in the above entitled cause, will be sold at public auction, under the direction of the subscriber, one of the Masters of this Court, by W. H. Frank-lin, auctioneer, at the Merchants' Exchange, in the City of New-York, on the 5th day of January next, at 12 o'clock,

noon, of that day:

All that certain lot and parcel of ground situate, lying and being in the Second Ward of the City of New-York, and bounded as follows: Easterly in front by John-st., westerly in the rear by ground now or lately of Nathaniel Prime nd James Thompson, on the south side by ground lately f Michael Moore, now of the said Richard Parker, and on the north side by ground now or lately belonging to the Trustees of the Corporation of the Methodist Episcopal Church, in the City of New York, containing in breadth in ront and rear, each twenty-five feet eight inches, and it length on the north side ninety-six feet, and the south side ninety-seven feet two inches, he said dimensions more or less. WILLIAM W. CAMPBELL.

Master in Chancery, d15 2awiJ5 R. H. Bowne, Solicitor. TN CHANCERY-Before the Vice Chancellor.-Luke Hemenway vs. Edmand Simpson and wife, ct. al.-In pursuance of a decretal order of this Court, in the above entitled cause, by the Vice Chancellor

of the First Circuit, will be sold at public auction, under the firection of the subscriber, one of the Masters of this Court, by M. Myers, Auctioneer, at the Merchants' Exchange, in the City of New-York, on the 7th day of January next, at All that certain piece or parcel of land, situate in the Twelfth Ward of the City of New-York, containing four lots of ground of twenty-five feet two and a half inches in breadth in front and rear, by one hundred feet in length on each side which which and the containing the 12 o'clock, noon, of that day-

of the Waldron property, at Haricon, computed June, 1226, by J. F. Bridges, C ty Surveyor, as parcel number 28, and lots Nos 150, 131, 132 and 123, bounded in front on the east by the Second Avenue, on the south by 118th street, on the west by parcel No. 22, and on the north by parcel No. 23; containing in breadth in front and rear 100 feet and 10 inches, and in depth on each side 100 feet, be the same more

or less.

Also, all those four certain lots, pieces or parcels of land and premises, situate also in the said Twelith Ward of the City of New-York, in the village of Harlem, and known and designated on the aforesaid map, entitled "Map of a part of the Waldron property at Harlem," compiled June, 1926, by J. F. Bridges, City Surveyor, and now on file in the office of the Register in and for the City and County of New-York, to wit: block No. 23 (twenty-three) being a correct back, bounded northerate vily to one funding a and interest of the contract of th ner block, bounded north-easterly by one hundred and nine teenth street south-easterly by the Second Avenue, south-westerly by block twenty-eight, (28) north-westerly by lot number one hundred, and four, (164) in block No. 22, which aid block is divided into lots numbered (105) one handred and five, (106) one hundred and six, (107) one hundred and seven, and (163) one hundred and eight, footing on said Second Avenue; containing, each let is breadth, in front and rear, twenty-five feet two and a half inches, and in length on each side, one handred and ten feet, be th more or less. Dated New York December 15, 1842. WILLIAM W. CAMPBELL, Master in Chan-

Morris & Aitkin, Solicitors. TO PLUMBERS OR TINMEN.—
To Let, a Store and Basement very advantageously located and well adapted to the above business. Fossession given immediately. Apply to T. McELRATH, 160 Nassau street.

d17 29wtD7

FOR SALE, at a bargain—A supe-grain and Farming Utensils. Said Fa in consists of Plough Meadow, Pasture and Wood Lands, in a good neighbor-hood 12 miles from the city of Newark, New-Jersey-a good new House, Barn and Out-Buildings in good order. A part of the purchase money can remain on most and A part of the purchase money can remain on mortgage for a term of years. For particulars apply to A. P. Smith, 25 Liberty-street, New-York, or to Jas. Law, 504Broad-x Newark, New-Jersey. "24 Im*

TO LET—The small, convenient brick House No. 107 Twelfth-street, between the 5th and 6th Avenues. Rent \$150 per annum. Possession immediately. Apply to DR. KINSLEY, 129 Franklin-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—
The cottage built House and Stable on north west corner of Filth avenue and 125th street, with 6 full lots, ornamented with trees: also a pump near the door; about 2 minutes walk from the Railroad. For further particulars nquire of J. & J. W. LEVERIDGE, 145 Cherry-st. N. V.

OFFICES TO LET, in the second, third, and fourth stories of the new buildings, Nos. 153 and 160 Nassau-street, (Tribune Buildings,) tronting the Park and nearly opposite the City Hail. Enquire of T. McELRATH, on the premises FOR SALE OR TO LET-A val-

uable Farm on Long Island, conveniently situated to the city, about two miles from Grand-street Ferry, containing about forty acres. Upon it are a large and comfortable dwelling louse, good barn and other out-houses. On the place are two docks, upon which vessels land manure. If not sold previous to the first of January, it will then be to let. Also, one lot of about nine acres, to be sold or let expansively. For particulars, is mire at the office of J. I. For particulars, isquire at the office of J. J. A. Ebbets, No. 16 Wall-street. d13 6tend*

Residence, at Milton, (town of Rye) Westriester county, N. Y. The premises consist of three and a quitter acres of good land, a large two story modern built isduse, constructed in the best manner for durability and convenience, finished in good style with marble mantels, &c and a piazza in front and fear; a good barn and carriage house. also new; and a variety of fruit trees; a garden with strawberries, raspberries, &c. &c.

The situation is healthy and beautiful, commanding an extensive view of Long Island Sound. The neighborhood is remarkably moral and opinion.

remarkably moral and quiet, and there are three chorches within a mile and a half. There is a daily stage and steam-boat communication with this city, occupying about one

Two thirds of the purchase money may be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises. For particulars, isquire of ROBERT MATHISON, on the premises, or H. H. WHEELER, No. 61 Wall-st., New-York. dis StawST&Mim*

COUNTRY SEAT at Auction—
Will be sold at the Hudson House, in the city of Hudson, on Friday, the thirteenth day of January, 1943, at 10 o'clock in the farenoon, under fareclasure suit in Chancery, a Farm consisting of about 103 acres, all of which is of certy, a Farm consisting of about 103 acres, all of which is of the constant of the best description for farming, and in an highly improved state. On the premises is a substantial two story brick Dwelling-House, 60 by 48 feet, with large Barns, Sheds, Granary, Ice-House, &c. and a fine well of water. There is a so a moderate sized Orchard, a part of which produces good Fruit.

The premises are situated on the Columbia, Turanike, in

good Fruit.

The premises are situated on the Columbia Turapike, in the village of Claverack, about three miles from the city of Hudson, and is the Homestead recently in the occupation of William B. Ludlow, Esq. of Claverack. For the condition, quality and extent of the premises, purchasers are requested to inspect for themselves.

G. R. J. BOWDOIN,

Assignee of WM. B. LUBOOW,

d16 tJan13

4 New-street, New-York.

LI New-York American and Evening Post please copy.